

The China Mail

Established February 1, 1846.

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號九十月一十年十八百八千英

HONGKONG, MONDAY, NOVEMBER 29, 1880.

日七十月十年辰庚

PRICE, \$24 PER ANNUM.

AGENTS FOR THE CHINA MAIL

LONDON.—F. AGAR, 11 & 12, Clerken's Lane, Leadenhall Street, E.C.; G. GEORGE SMITH & CO., 30, Cornhill, GORDON & GORDON, Ludgate Circus, E.C.; HATTON, HINDS & CO., 4, Old Jewry, E.C.; SAMUEL DEACON & CO., 150 & 154, Leadenhall Street.

PARIS AND EUROPE.—LEON DE ROSNY, 19, Rue Monceau, Paris.

NEW YORK.—ANDREW WIND, 138, Nassau Street.

AUSTRALIA, TASMANIA, AND NEW ZEALAND.—GORDON & GOTCH, Melbourne and Sydney.

SAN FRANCISCO and American Ports generally.—BEAN & BLACK, San Francisco.

SINGAPORE AND STRAITS.—SAILE & CO., Square, Singapore; C. HEINSEIN & CO., Manila.

CHINA.—MACAO, MESSRS A. ARDELLIO & CO., SANTOS, CAMPBELL & CO., AMOY, WILSON, NICHOLS & CO., FOOCHEW, HEDGE & CO., SHANGHAI, LANE, CRAWFORD & CO., and KELLY & WALSH, Yokohama, LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.

Banks.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.

CAPITAL, £800,000.
RESERVE FUND, £100,000.
Bankers.

THE BANK OF ENGLAND.

THE CITY BANK.

THE NATIONAL BANK OF SCOTLAND.

THE BANK'S BRANCH in HONGKONG grants Drafts on London and the Chief Commercial places in Europe and the East; buys and receives for collection Bills of Exchange, and conducts all kinds of Banking and Exchange Business.

RATES OF INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.

On CURRENT ACCOUNTS, 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balance.

ON FIXED DEPOSITS.

For 3 months, 3 per cent. per annum.
" 6 " " 4 per cent. "
" 12 " " 5 per cent. "

WILLIAM FORREST,

Manager.

Hongkong, May 10, 1880.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid-up CAPITAL, 5,000,000 Dollars.
RESERVE FUND, 1,000,000 Dollars.

COURT OF DIRECTORS.

Chairman—The Hon. W. KESWICK.
Deputy Chairman—A. McLEWEN, Esq.
ADOLPHUS FORBES, Esq.
R. BAILLIE, Esq.
E. R. DALMENY, Esq.
F. D. SAMSON, Esq.
W. S. YOUNG, Esq.

Chief Manager.

Hongkong, THOMAS JACKSON, Esq.
Manager.
Shanghai, EWEN CAMERON, Esq.
LONDON BANKERS—London and County Bank.

HONGKONG.

INTEREST ALLOWED.

ON Current Deposit Account at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balance.

For Fixed Deposits—

For 3 months, 3 per cent. per annum.
" 6 " " 4 per cent. "
" 12 " " 5 per cent. "

LOCAL BILLS DISCOUNTED.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Drafts, granted on London, and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

T. JACKSON,

Chief Manager.

Offices of the Corporation,
No. 1, Queen's Road East,
Hongkong, August 16, 1880.

COMPTOIR D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

(Incorporated 7th & 18th March, 1848.)

RECOGNISED by the INTERNATIONAL CONVENTION of 30th April, 1862.

CAPITAL FULLY PAID-UP, £3,200,000.
RESERVE FUND, £800,000.

HEAD OFFICE—14, RUE BERGERE,
PARIS.

AGENCIES and BRANCHES at:
LONDON, BOULBON, SAN FRANCISCO,
MARSHALLS, HOMIAY, HONGKONG,
LYON, CALCUTTA, BANGKOK,
NANTES, SHANGHAI, FOOCHEW,
MELBOURNE.

LONDON BANKERS:
THE BANK OF ENGLAND,
THE UNION BANK OF LONDON.

The Hongkong Agency receives Fixed Deposits on Terms to be agreed on application, grants Drafts and Credits on all parts of the World, and transacts every description of Banking Exchange Business.

E. G. VOUILLEMONT,

Manager, Shanghai.

Hongkong, May 20, 1879.

Banks.

ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION.

(Incorporated by Royal Charter.)

PAID-UP CAPITAL, £1,500,000.

RATES OF INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.

At 3 months' notice 3% per Annum.

" 6 " " 4% "

" 12 " " 5% "

Current Accounts kept on Terms which may be learnt on application.

GEO. O. SCOTT,

Acting Manager.

Oriental Bank Corporation,

Hongkong, September 4, 1879.

Notices of Firms.

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned have been appointed Sole Agents of the ELLIOTT'S METAL COMPANY, Birmingham, for Hongkong and China.

MELCHERS & CO.,

Hongkong, Sept. 13, 1880.

Banks.

KELLY & WALSH

HAVE just Received

CHRISTMAS CARDS—

LETTS DIARIES for 1881.

Perry's "Navies of the World."

Hamer's "Etching and Etchers."

"Hand book of Architectural Styles."

"The Englishman's House."

Cavendish's "Card Essays and Deci-

sions."

Dickens's "Speeches."

"Cards of Cockneys."

Bengal's "Young Engineer."

Draper's "Engineer's Handy-book."

Quiggin's "Maths."

Dickens's "Works" Complete, 18 Vols.

in Case.

Scott's "Works" Complete, 32 Handy

Vols. in Case.

Vero Foster's "Drawing Course."

Huth's "Life and Writings of Buckle."

Gillott's PENS in great varieties.

New SKETCHING BLOCKS.

Hingston's "Australian Abroad, Ceylon,

India and Egypt."

Hongkong, November 18, 1880.

For Sale.

STEAMSHIP "AMAZONE"

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES

MARITIMES.

NOTICE.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo per Steamship

"Amphrite," from London, in connection

with the above Steamer, are hereby

labeled and stored on their risk at the Company's Godown, whence delivery may be obtained immediately after landing.

Optional cargo will be forwarded on,

unless intimation is received from the Consignee, before 4 p.m. To-day, requesting

it to be landed here.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by the Underwriter.

Goods remaining unclaimed after Tues-

day, the 30th November, at Noon, will be

subject to rent and landing charges.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.

G. DE CHAMPEAUX,

Agent.

Hongkong, November 23, 1880. no30

Notices to Consignees.

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G. DE CHAMPEAUX,

Agent.

Hongkong, November 23, 1880. no30

Mails.

STEAM FOR

SINGAPORE, PENANG, POINT DE

GALLE, ADEN, SUEZ,

PORT SAID, MALTA, GIBRALTAR,

BRINDISI, ANCONA, VENICE,

SOUTHAMPTON, AND LONDON;

ALSO,

BOMBAY, MADRAS, CALCUTTA, AND

AUSTRALIA.

Position of the Company at the close of the last financial year, the 30th April, 1880.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED, £1,000,000.00

CAPITAL PAID-UP, £300,000.00

RESERVE FUND, £425,000.00

BALANCE UNDIVIDED, £70,278.43

DIVIDEND PAID TO SHARE-

HOLDERS, 20% per Annum.

DIVIDEND PAID TO ALL CONTRIBUTOR

OF BUSINESS, 2% on the amount

of their Contributions.

THE Company grants Policies on MARINE

RISKS to all parts of the World, payable

at any part of the same.

Commission and Dividends are PAYABLE

THE CHINA MAIL.

[No. 5425.—NOVEMBER 29, 1880.]

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For Sale.

MacEWEN, FRICKEL & Co.
HAVE RECEIVED FOR SALE,
Ex recently arrived Mail and
other Steamships.

**AMERICAN AND ENGLISH
GROCERIES,**
FRESH SUPPLIES RECEIVED BY EVERY
MAIL.

APPLES, Green and Dried.
MOLASSES, Canned and Bottled.
ESTERN CREAM CHEESE.
RYE MEAL, BUCKWHEAT.
INDIAN CORN MEAL, OATMEAL.
CRACKED WHEAT, HOMINY.
ASSORTED JELLIES, Glass Jars.
NUTS, BARCELONA, BRAZIL,
SHELBURNE, ALMONDS,
PEGAN, WALNUTS
and PEANUTS.

GREEN TURTLE, 1lb. and 2lb. Cases.
RUSSIAN CAVIAR.
OXTONGUES, Smoked and Pickled.
CLAM CHOWDER.
EAGLE BRAND CONDENSED MILK.
RICHARDS & ROBIN'S DEVILLED
MEATS.
ITALIAN PASTES, MACCARONI and
VERMICELLI.
EASTERN HAMS and BACON.
SMOKED SALMON.

**CALIFORNIA
RACKER
COMPANY'S BISCUITS.**
Alphabetical BISCUITS.
Foda CRACKERS.
Wafer BISCUITS.
Ginger CAKES.
Milk BISCUITS.
Oyster BISCUITS.

HORSE RADISH in Bottles.
Soused Lamb's TONGUES.
Comb HONEY in Original Frames.
Soused Pig's FEET.
Strained and Comb HONEY in Bottles.
Family PINE PORK in Kegs.
Family MESS BEEF in Kegs.
No. 1 Boston MACKEREL in Kits.
Salmon BELLES in Kits.
Paragon MACKEREL in Tins.
English BRAWN.
Compressed OX-TONGUE.
Compressed Corned BEEF.
Cutting's Dessert FRUITS in 2lb. Cases.
Assort. Canned VEGETABLES.
MINCEMEAT.
SAUSAGE MEAT.
Assorted SOUPS.
Stuffed PEPPERS.
Queen's OLIVES.
Assorted PICKLES.

California CANDIES.
The American BROILER.
Waffle IRONS.
Lemon SQUEEZERS.

GROSSE & BLACKWELL'S

— and —

JOHN MOIR'S
FAMOUS HOUSEHOLD
STORES.

Wiltshire BACON in Wrapper.
Irish Selected BACON in 2lb. & 4lb. Tins.
Cumberland H.M.S.
Breakfast TONGUES.

Russia OX-TONGUES.

Oxford SAUSAGES.

HAM, TONGUE, and Chicken SAUSAGE.
Truffled SAUSAGES.

Potted MATS and FISH.

Philippe & Canaud's PATE DE FOIE GRAS.

Philippe & Canaud's ASARAGUS.

Gelatine L'ZENGEZ.

Assorted SWEETS.

— GELATINE.

Mallie's French MUSTARD.

Anglo Swiss CHOCOLATE and MILK.

Anglo Swiss COCOA and MILK.

Crosse & Blackwell's CHOCOLATE.

Mason's CHOCOLATES Assorted.

Schweizer's COCCATINA.

Van Houten's COCOA.

Epp's COCOA.

COSQUES.

Liebig's Extracts CARNIS.

Smoked COD-ROES.

Dried SPRATS.

Findon HADDOCK.

HERRINGS & LA SARDINE.

Yarmouth BLOOTERS.

Kippered HERRING.

Dried HERRINGS.

SARDINES with TOMATOES.

Assorted PICKLES.

Assorted JAMS.

Calf's Foot JELLY.

Essences for Flavoring.

SAUCES.

SPICES.

Candied PEEL, ALMONDS.

CURRANTS in Bottle and Bulk.

Mincemeat; Caraway SEEDS.

Ground COFFEE.

Raw COFFEE.

PRESENT TEA in 5 Catty and 10 Catty

Bags; Good BREAKFAST TEA 25

cents per lb.

Hongkong, November 29, 1880.

Intimations.

THIS HAIR WASH has been prepared by us for the last 20 years. Its sale is steadily increasing in India, the Straits and Japan. It possesses all the qualities of a Hair Oil or Pomade without their stickiness. It induces a healthy action of the scalp and nourishes the Hair. Dandruff never appears whilst it is in use. It contains none but the best ingredients, and the greatest care is taken in the compounding. When the Hair falls off after fever or any other sickness, this Wash will surely prove of the greatest value.



**LAOU-TI-KEE
HAIR WASH.**

An unique and elegant
appliance to the Toilet,
combining in itself the
properties of a Hair
Grease, Wash, and
Restorer.

PREPARED ONLY BY
J. LLEWELLYN & CO.,
Chemists, &c.,
SHANGHAI.

DIRECTIONS.
A small quantity is to be applied on the Head,
and to be rubbed into the roots of the Hair.
No Pomade required.

FOR MANILA.

The Steamship
"Diamond,"
Captain Cullen, will be
despatched for the above
Port on WEDNESDAY, the 1st Dec., at 4 o'clock p.m.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

RUSSELL & Co.

Hongkong, November 29, 1880. de2

NOTICE.

MR. JOHANN NICOLAUS GOOS-
MANN is authorized to sign Bills
of LADING in our Name.

MELCHERS & Co.

Hongkong, November 29, 1880. de2

NOTICE.

FOR SHANGHAI.

(Taking Cargo at through rates to CHEFOO
and Ports on the YANGTSEKUO.)

The Steamship
"Feidi,"

Capt. JACKSON, will be
despatched as above on

WEDNESDAY, the 1st Dec., at 6 p.m.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

JARDINE, MATHERSON & Co.

Hongkong, November 29, 1880. de2

NOTICE.

Ninth Volume of the

"CHINA REVIEW."

Now Ready.

No. 2.—Vol. IX.

— OF THE —

"CHINA REVIEW."

CONTAINS

Foochow Syllabary.

The Book of Purity and Rest.

Characteristic Chinese Words.

Notes on the Corean Language.

Notices of Eminent Statesmen of the Pre-
sent Day.

A Chip from Chinese History, or the last
two Emperors of the Great Sung Dy-
nasty, 1101 to 1126.

Short Notices of New Books and Literary
Intellects.

Notes and Queries.—

Chinese Grammaticy.

Adoption—A Case in Point.

Comparative Linguistic peculiarities.

What may be got from one Root.

Punishments under the Chinese Penal
Code.

Concise Dictionary of Kang-hi.

Undiscovered? Historical Proofs.

Dr. Williams and the State of "Sui,"

Hongkong, November 21, 1880.

Mr. Andrew Wind,
News Agent, &c.

138, NASSAU STREET, NEW YORK;

is authorized to receive Subscriptions, Ad-

vertisements, &c., for the China Mail,

Overland China Mail, and China Review.

To-day's Advertisements.

Occidental & Oriental Steam-

ship Company.

TAKING THROUGH CARGO AND

PASSENGERS FOR THE UNITED

STATES AND EUROPE,

IN CONNECTION WITH THE

CENTRAL

and

UNION PACIFIC AND CONNECTING

RAILROAD COMPANIES.

DEPT. OF STATE, WASHINGTON,

U.S.A.

ATLANTIC STEAMERS.

THE S. S. GAELIC will be despatched

for San Francisco via Yokohama,

MONDAY, 13th December, 1880, at

3 p.m., taking Cargo and Passengers

for the United States, Mexico, Central

and South America, and Europe.

Connection is made at Yokohama, with

Steamers from Shanghai.

Weight will be received on Board until

4 p.m. of the 13th December, PARCEL

PACKAGES will be received at the Office

until 6 p.m. same day; all Parcel Packages

should be marked to address in full; value

of same is required.

A REDUCTION is made on RETURN PAS-

SENGE TICKETS.

Consular Invoices to accompany Over-

land, Mexican, Central and South Ameri-

cargo, should be sent to the Company's

Office addressed to the Collector of Our-

ceania, San Francisco.

For further information as to Freight

Passage, apply to the Agency of the Com-

pany, No. 27, Queen's Road Central.

CHAS. H. HASWELL, Jr.

Agent.

Hongkong, November 29, 1880.

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To-day's Advertisements.

**THEATRE ROYAL
CITY HALL,**
HONGKONG.

SIGNOR CAGLIARI New and Much
Augmented

ITALIAN OPERA COMPANY.

THIS EVENING,

29th November, 1880.

THIRD SUBSCRIPTION

THE CHINA MAIL.

grave fears to which we refer. But there they are; and they reach us from a reliable source, just as telegraphic and other advices from Home would seem to imply that the difficulties are being satisfactorily smoothed over. Verily, when Chinese meets Russ, then comes the tug of diplomacy.

The inquest at the Government Civil Hospital adjourned on Friday, the 26th inst., was held this afternoon before the Deputy Coroner, Mr. G. S. Northcott, and jury composed of Messrs J. Anthony, T. Siemens, and H. Matchett. On Friday the sitting was upon the body of a Chinese male child, about three years of age, which had been drowned by the upsetting of a sampan. On Saturday the body of the other child drowned was found by the mother in the locality of the incident, and was sent by the Police to the Hospital.

Ching F. Mai, the mother of the deceased, gave evidence to the effect that the deceased were her children, the boy being three years of age and the girl five. On Thursday night, about ten o'clock, witness and her sister-in-law with the two deceased were in a sampan belonging to witness at Hung Ham, when the four defendants came to her and wanted to be taken away. After getting into the boat they wanted to go to Hongkong. Witness refused to take them as it was too late and turned the boat to take them ashore again. Defendants then began talking and pushing one another, which led witness to think they were quarrelling together as she could not understand what they said. Defendants speaking another dialect. During the dispute several of the men got out of one side of the boat which caused it to capsize. Witness and her sister-in-law with the two children, righted the boat after about an hour, and the first deceased (the boy) was found at the stern of the boat, the girl not being found. Soon after going ashore a European policeman came and took the first deceased and the four defendants to Yau-mai-ti Police Station.

Mr Marquis gave evidence showing that the two children had died from drowning, and P. C. J. McMillan stated that shortly after the deceased was brought ashore, he went down to the beach where he found fire had been lighted and the women were trying to warm the body of first deceased.

The constable tried to restore animation in the usual way, but found the child had been in the water too long, so took the body up to the station unaccompanied by the first and second defendants, and afterwards, on orders received from Inspector Cameron, went on board the gun boat Lingkong and arrested the four men.

The sampan was one of ordinary build, 15 feet 6 inches long and 4 feet 9 inches in beam, and had been overturned by people moving about in it carelessly.

After a brief consideration the Jury returned a verdict of accidental death. Ma Tong King-sang is a most remarkable individual. According to a telegram published in the Hongkong *Daily Press* he was in Shavana last month. According to a later report today from Teutonico—he was in the North of China, and according to our Peking letters last month he was in that city. He is like the hero of a fairy tale, or like Sir Boyle Roe's bird—*Shantung Mercury*.

From information received we (*Japan Gazette*) are justified in stating that Mr Liou-yen, secretary of the Dajokwan, was despatched to Peking some months ago to obtain from the Tsung-lam-men a formal recognition and acquisition of the Loochoo Islands by Japan. The time of making the request assumed propitious, as China was in dire difficulty with Russia. Prince Kung, however, firmly and definitely refused the acquisition asked, and the claims of China are held back for a confidential reason, but are, in no sense, withdrawn.

On opening the Nineteenth Century one naturally turns first to the transition of "old" to "new," kept during his joint mission to England with Kuo in 1876. The almanac starts with the conviction that the great emperors and statesmen of China were by no means inferior in ability or wisdom to the men of the West, and as they did not introduce railways or steamship navigation there is nothing to be said in favour of either. The English are ignorant of everything except the road to wealth, and along this they are rushing headlong to ruin, while China is plodding wretchedly with a pitying eye. The Japanese are contemptible on account of their ready acceptance of foreign ideas; yet for all that there is something, however unimportant, in European civilisation, for on the whole a London street is somewhat wider, somewhat cleaner and better paved, and somewhat better lighted at night than a street in Peking. But this is a small matter. China is in possession of that wisdom of the prudent which is to understand his way, and she has not yet learned that in much of wisdom lies also the lack of much grit. —N. U. Daly News.

The *Bombay Gazette* states that after the presentation of opium in typhoided territories have been collected, no more opium is to be grown in the Niu-tsui dominions. The yield of opium has been large, and added to the revenue of the State.

REGARDING a new and pleasant beverage which has lately been introduced in India, Dr. G. S. A. Isingka, M.A., of the Indian Medical Department, writes that in "Zedone" is to be found a complete solution of the problem which has long exercised the minds of the medical profession in India, viz., the discovery of a beverage which shall assuage thirst, restores nervous waste, and, while being palatable, be also non-alcoholic. It is my firm conviction that if Zedone be introduced into India, it will meet all the requirements of those who wish to restore their nervous system without impairing their livers. In a word, we may as fairly call this new nervous tonic "Zedone," as "Zedone," containing as it does so pre-eminent a duty of life with one of its pleasures."

A CHINAMAN on London Railways.—London has well around it. The railway viaducts have somewhat the appearance of a bridge wall. The houses are in close to each other in many places there is no room for a railway to pass, when required is had to a bridge made of huge stones, which, as it were, over the houses. The framework of these bridges is of iron planned with wood, on which are spread earth and sand. People who are lying or their beds down below, lie houses 100 feet high, are almost always conscious of a noise above them, and know when a train is passing overhead by its low continuous rumble of thunder; while to one seated in the train the people below look like the warp and woof of some texture, and the streets, lanes, and market-places deep interlaced in a mountain side; or one is inclined to believe that they are channels cut out of the ground, and to forget that one is on a bridge far up above them. It is as if one

were on a level with the topmost point of a pagoda, and able, by stooping, to touch the mast-heads of tall ships as they passed. When I first reached London everything that I saw frightened and astonished me. —Nineteenth Century.

THE British and Foreign Bible Society, according to Home papers, has just completed the Amoy and Formosa Missions the printing of the Book of Proverbs in the Amoy vernacular in the Roman letter, and a 10,000 copy for use among the native Christians.

The Russian fleet, says the *Japan Gazette*, now at hand will consist, we are told, of from twelve to fifteen ships only. The rest of the fleet will rendezvous in Nagasaki harbour in readiness for all purposes. The commander of one division is Admiral Asakawa.

SUPREME COURT.
IN ORIGINAL JURISDICTION.
(Before the Full Court.)

Monday, Nov. 29.

THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE LESSERS OF THE OPIUM FARM.

In this case which has now begun before the Court for several days, the proceedings to day were of more public interest than usual.

In concluding his statement of the case and answering the assertion of the plaintiffs that they had not been allowed to take part in the affairs of the Company, and that Mr Ban Hap had taken the management of everything into his own hands and conducted everything through his own personal friends, Mr Hayller, Q.C., put in the minute book of the Company, and read thereon certain minutes of a meeting of shareholders with others all showing that the business of the Company had been carried on in regard to originally. The first minute read by Mr Hayller was signed by the twelve directors, dated Kwang Su 5th year, second moon, March 2, 1879, and was in these terms:—

"As to bidding for the opium license in British Hongkong it is known that the foreman Pitman was a very good friend of the Governor; now having through him obtained the opium license (or company) it is proposed to pay a bonus or premium to him; now we have agreed with Pitman and settled with him that the bonus or premium for the three years should be fifteen thousand dollars which we intend to pay (sic) in one lump sum. The various gentlemen are (hereby) informed of this so that they may decide and sign their names as proof."

After Mr Hayller's statement was finished the first witness was called, and his examination took up the rest of the day:

Tang King-Sing, 1st son of the defendant and a merchant living in N. 16 Bonham Strand West. I came from Saigon with Ban Hap's power of attorney. I was ordered to tender and did so on the 17th January 1879. Pitman wrote it out. Mr Ban Hap was then in Saigon. I did not dream of an opposition when I tendered. Having got it I became one of the Man-Wong. I wired Ban Hap and he came. After he came the Man-Wong was got up. Ban Hap got it up. I took thirty shares. I represent four others. I am a Rukhine, born at Singapore. I do not speak Cantonese, but I communicate with my co-directors through interpreters. The Directors were Ban Hap, Cheung Hong Leu by his attorney Chow Yu Moon, Mok Yung, Ng Man Kuan, Tam Yuen and Lau Tai. Ch'w Yu Moon was the Treasurer. Ban Hap was the Chief President and looked over every thing when he came. He kept the Register. Cheung Hui by his Attorney looked after local consumption. The Attorney General said he quite felt that he was responsible for the conduct.

Witness, examination continued:—So far as I know there are no other shareholders, unfavourable to the amalgamation save the plaintiffs. Since the amalgamation the affairs of the Company have progressed favourably, and the Company has made profits. The profits for eight months are \$32,000. Those profits have been distributed among the whole body of the share holders. Since the amalgamation there has been a great increase in the value of the Company, first from \$70,000 and then to \$50,000 per share. That reduction took place on the 1st March. We made a yearly statement of accounts at the end of the first working year. C-ops of these accounts were sent to all the shareholders by the accountant. Copy produced and marked L. I have never heard of any addition to these accounts before the 2nd August. On that day Tam Yuk Shan brought me the indorse-book with a minute in it, as to registering the Man Wo Fun, and asked me to sign it. That minute was dated June 7th. He must have got the minute book from the accountant. I intended to sign the minute; I told him I had no authority to do so. Since the 1st March '80, the two defendants have come to the office of the Company. There has never been any attempt to prevent them from taking a part in the affairs of the Company. They do business with the Man Wo Fun buying opium for exportation. Kwo Loung Yen comes now nearly every day to the office 16, Bonham Strand West, to see his friends, and get information as to what is going on. Their office is at 146, Wing Lok Street, since the beginning of this month; previously it was Bonham Strand, about the same date. Not long ago the Yen Yuk Shan came to me to return the money to Ban Hap. "We shall lose the \$50,000." He said. "Never mind; we shall be losing more if we continue." Ban Hap said it was in his name and he would go on till the end of the year as best he could. The book "P" is the register of shareholders of the old Company Man Wo Sung. This is kept by the accountant and all the shares are kept under one heading. Tam Yuk Shan (second plaintiff) has no shares himself, but by his son and persons he has brought in; he is there under the name or heading Yeo Yee Tong, a long a uniting of several families, a long a uniting of several individuals.

To the Court: Ko Leung Yuen is there as Sun Yee Tong; he has sold no shares.

Examination continued:—When the plaintiff met Ban Hap after his return from Amoy, and found he did not accede to their request, Ko Leung Yen and Tam Yuk Shan sold some of their shares. On the 8th day of the 10th moon (Nov. 21st) he sold 11 shares, on the 15th of the 11th moon (Dec. 17th) he sold 9 shares; and on the 13th of the 11th moon (Dec. 25th) he sold one share, at the same price. The shares were \$1,000 each.

The Attorney General objected to the whole of this evidence, as it was matter which should be proved by the register.

The details were struck out by the Court, Mr Hayller not objecting.

Witness, examination continued:—In consequence of these sales Ban Hap sent to make a enquiry of something he had heard concerning the Chap Sing and the Sun Yee not being on good terms together. They were selling shares on the 8th day of the 10th moon and Ban Hap was making inquiries. Shek Shing Chub was the negotiator. We had a meeting on Feb. 1st, '80, of those who wanted the amalgamation (over 20 extended); it was held at No. 16, Bonham Strand West, the office of the old Company. The resolution came to be reduced to writing by the accountant of the old Company, Lau Ka Wan. Resolution shown in minute book marked K and now put in. The signatures were written at the meeting. All who were present as partners signed. (Witness)

ASSAULT.

Chen Hing, 33, bawker, was charged with assaulting Lin Ayuk, a woman, who had lived with defendant as his wife for several years.

Complainant stated that about a year ago, defendant not being able to support her, he had left her to earn her own living. This morning a out 4 o'clock when complainant was outside the door of his house, shopping dress, defendant came up and struck her on the face with some sharp instrument, afterwards found to be a bundle of sticks with sharp points. Complainant called out "Save life," and a man living in the house, came and seized the defendant, and afterwards gave him in charge of a District watchman.

The defendant said that complainant was his wife, and he had paid \$20 for her. This year he went to Macao for several months, and on his return found that complainant had left his house and taken some of his property with her. The day before yesterday he met her in the street, when she denied all knowledge of defendant and ran away. He admitted striking her this

morning on seeing her. Prisoner was confined to imprisonment six months, the first and last fourteen days in solitary confinement, and the remainder with hard labour, and to be exposed in the stocks for six hours, opposite to the No. 4, District Watchman's Station. On the expiry of his sentence, the defendant to enter into a recognisance with two sureties in \$150 each, to give good behaviour for twelve months, in default to be committed.

DRUNK.

Richard O'Donnell and John Thackwell, ex-sailors and Lancashiremen, admitted a charge of being drunk, and refusing to pay their chair on the 28th inst., and on expressing their willingness to pay the chair cost both went away then. The agreement never came back. Wong Yek Ho was sent for by Ban Hap. It was taken up two, three or four days after the meeting at which it was signed. It was taken up before the agreement of March 9th was drawn up. I remember that very well because we did not know how to go about drawing up that agreement without the other. Before the agreement of March 9th was drawn up objections were made; such objections were first made by the first two plaintiffs. They said this was wrong and that was wrong and the other was wrong, but they wanted nothing which they wanted to be altered. Between the 23rd February and March 9th there was further negotiation between the parties through Shek Shing Chub; he is a Hongkong merchant.

Question: How do you know how many are on the roll? Answer: The roll was engaged to carry some opium to a custom, and while on their premises secured the ball of opium in his waistband, where it was found on searching him. The opium was the property of Messrs Sassoon & Co.

Defendant was sentenced to be imprisoned for six weeks with hard labour.

STREET GAMBLING.

Chung Atan, 62, coolie, was exposed to be exposed for six hours in the stocks for gambling in the street on the 29th inst.

DRUNK AND DISORDINARY.

Lawrence Boyle, 53, seaman, was fined \$1, with the alternative of seven days' imprisonment with hard labour, for being drunk and disorderly and refusing to pay his chair hire on the 27th inst.

DRUNK.

James Smith, 24, seaman, was sent to goal for seven days with hard labour, as a result of being drunk and disorderly and being found sleeping in the public streets on the 29th inst.

LARCENY OF OPIUM.

Yeong Anna, 38, coolie, was charged with stealing a ball of opium, value \$4.50 on the 20th inst. Mr. E. Elias of Messrs E. D. Sassoon & Co., gave evidence to the fact that defendant was engaged to carry some opium to a custom, and while on their premises secured the ball of opium in his waistband, where it was found on searching him. The opium was the property of Messrs Sassoon & Co.

Defendant was sentenced to be imprisoned for six weeks with hard labour.

STREET GAMBLING.

Chung Atan, 62, coolie, was exposed to be exposed for six hours in the stocks for gambling in the street on the 29th inst.

DRUNK.

Vessel on the berth.—For London.—\$1. From Australia.—Steamship *Clairehouse* (under despatch).

Vessel expect to load.—For London.—Steamship *Thrust*, *Mercurius*, *Anchises*; and sailing vessel *J. R. Worcester*. For London and Hamburg.—Steamship *Bellona*. For Australia.—Steamship *Ocean*.

FREIGHT.—To London—per steamer—£2 per ton of 40 cubic feet; per sailing ship—£2 per ton of 50 cubic feet. To Australia—per steamer—£1.10 per ton of 40 cubic feet.

Vessel on the berth.—For London.—Steamship *Claremont*.

Vessel expect to load.—For London.—Steamship *Thrust*, *Mercurius*, *Anchises*; and sailing vessel *J. R. Worcester*. For London and Hamburg.—Steamship *Bellona*. For Australia.—Steamship *Ocean*.

SHANGHAI.
(Memory.)

There is no doubt that although the northern dairies in the Northern Settlements are inspected every week and the cattle are monthly found free from disease, a great deal of cattle disease is rife in this neighbourhood; as may be gathered from the large amount of animals slaughtered at the grease-shops just at the time when bullock labour is most valuable.

HENRY ASHLEY, 23, seaman, was fined 50 cents, in default six hours' imprisonment with hard labour for being drunk and incapable on the 27th inst.

UNLAWFUL POSSESSION.

In Peking, 40, coolie, was fined \$1, in default to be imprisoned for seven days for unlawful possession of opium.

WALTER HASTY, 35, and Charles Smith, 32, seamen, were charged with being drunk and incapable in the street on the 28th inst., and were discharged with a caution on paying the chair cooler.

UNLAWFUL PESTILENCE.

CHUNG A: aged 10, a coolie, was convicted of being drunk and disorderly and for unlawfully possessing opium. He was sentenced to be imprisoned for six months with hard labour.

UNLAWFUL ORDINANCE.

CHUNG A: aged 10, a coolie, was convicted of being drunk and disorderly and for unlawfully possessing opium. He was sentenced to be imprisoned for six months with hard labour.

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UNLAWFUL ORDINANCE.

CHUNG A: aged 10

